

13. What are veins?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Carry blood to heart</li> <li>Contain valves</li> </ul>	14. What are capillaries?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exchange of <math>CO_2 + O_2</math></li> <li>Smallest blood vessels</li> </ul>	15. What happens to the diaphragm as you inhale/exhale?	<p>Inhale Diaphragm moves down</p> <p>Exhale Diaphragm moves up.</p>	16. Where are the 2 places you can find valves?	Veins + heart
17. Explain what happens to $CO_2$ and $O_2$ in the alveoli.	<p><math>CO_2</math> From blood to alveoli.</p> <p><math>O_2</math> From alveoli to blood.</p>	18. List the organs that the oxygen goes to as you inhale air starting with the bronchus.	<p>bronchial</p> <p>bronchioles</p> <p>alveoli</p> <p>blood</p>	19 Name the functions of the circulatory system.	<p>1. Supplies body w/ oxygen</p> <p>2. Removes <math>CO_2</math></p> <p>3. Supplies body w/ defense fighting chemicals</p> <p>4. Supplies body w/ fuel</p> <p>5. by transporting it.</p> <p>5. carries chemical messengers.</p>	20. What does cellular respiration mean?	<p>Inhaling oxygen and mixing it w/ nutrients to create energy + waste.</p>
21. What happens to the body if one organ cannot function at 100%?	<p>maintains homeostasis and other systems work harder</p>	22 What is homeostasis?	<p>the bodies way of staying balanced</p>	23. Draw a sketch of heart rate before, during, and after exercise of the average person who is fit. Draw another sketch (on the same graph) of a heart rate before, during, and after exercise of someone who is unfit.	<p>Fit: ~~~~~</p> <p>unfit: ~~~~~</p>	24. Name one example of a lab we did to prove that we exhale $CO_2$	<p>Burning candle turned the bromthymol blue green which indicates <math>CO_2</math> is present.</p>